

CHINA

MAIL

No. 35947

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1954.

Price 20 Cents

China Daily
HONGKONG TELEPHONE: 21000
9 D'Almeida St. Tel: 21493

COMMENT OF THE DAY

Good Progress

DESPITE the optimistic report of the resettlement authorities, it would be wrong to assume that the Government has turned the corner in dealing with this formidable problem. It would probably be more correct at this stage to observe caution and to say that "good progress" is being made. The Commissioner's report issued to the Urban Council on Tuesday does however record two very significant achievements in the six months under review: completion of fire lanes in squatter areas and a remarkable increase in the number of people resettled—41,660 in the six months. Undoubtedly this is largely due to the formation of the new Department in May this year which involved centralisation of a number of allied functions in the one authority. This unified organisation has made it possible for the work of clearance and resettlement to be carried out with smoothness and precision and it has undoubtedly led to an acceleration of the work carried out by the authorities.

THE success of the new policy decided upon earlier this year is illustrated by the fact that whereas the number resettled by December 1952 was 34,660 and 43,015 eleven months later, today the number is in excess of 95,000. This almost sensational improvement however represents a definite stage in the development of an ordered resettlement plan. Certainly the rate of the previous years is unexcelled by comparison but at the same time those years were largely concerned with the necessary preliminaries of planning and experiment. Obviously a task of this magnitude offered no simple solution. The present resettlement rate has now reached 300 a day. This suggests that theoretically, if this rate can be continued, it might be possible to resettle the balance of the approximately 210,000 squatters in some form of accommodation in two to two and a half years' time. There are however many unpredictable factors involved which make this an extremely hazardous forecast.

THE resettlement rate depends as much upon administrative work including family surveys, screening, registration, allocation of the sites, etc., as upon the speed with which the building and the supply of services like water, electricity and drainage in existing areas are undertaken. If one department should lag, the whole programme is likely to be slowed down. If the present rate is to be maintained, it will involve a great concentration of effort by all concerned. Three disastrous fires in the last 12 months have added a note of urgency to the work and the Department is to be commended on its zeal and energy in tackling this great human task. It must also draw satisfaction from the fact that the recommendations of the Emergency Sub-committee on Resettlement are being transformed into tangible results, that despite formidable obstacles, sound progress is being made. The construction of fire lanes, it is interesting to note, has had the effect of reducing the proportion of two-story buildings from 60 per cent to 40 per cent. This is a significant improvement in the safety of the squatter areas.

HURRICANE DISASTER IN CARIBBEAN

Two Towns Battered By 100 m.p.h. Winds, Big Death Roll Reported 3 BUILDINGS LEFT STANDING

Miami, Oct. 13.

Hurricane "Hazel" killed 200 people and injured 350 others when it passed over the towns of Aux Cayes and Jeremie, Haiti, reports reaching here from Port Au Prince, said today. Whole Buildings were swept into the sea at the height of the storm.

Reports from Haiti said the town of Jeremie, 40 miles northwest of Aux Cayes, was almost completely submerged by the sea.

Haiti is a republic in the West Indies. It occupies roughly a third of the island which is north of Venezuela and in the Caribbean Sea. Aux Cayes is on the south coast of the island.

The town of Jeremie was almost entirely razed to the ground by the 100 m.p.h. hurricane, the latest reports reaching here today confirmed.

Only three buildings, a convent, a barracks and a bank, were left standing. It was feared that a large number of the town's 11,000 inhabitants perished in the

disaster. Many thousands are known to be homeless. Carrier-based American helicopters dropped doctors and medical supplies into the devastated Haitian city of Jeremie today in the wake of hurricane "Hazel," which wrecked at least two cities and left thousands homeless.

Two residents who trudged out of the small Southern port of Jeremie today brought first news of the disaster to Maricao, 10 miles away.

From there, the news was sent to Port-au-Prince, by shortwave radio. Jeremie was completely isolated from the rest of Haiti by floods cut off all roads and submerged airports. The sea was so rough, Haitian Coast Guard ships probably will not be able to enter the port for days.

APPEALS FOR HELP Appeals to United States authorities and the American Red Cross were sent out by the Haitian government for larger ships and helicopters to land a survey

party, as well as local Red Cross officials, and government forces bringing aid to the victims.

The death toll was expected to be considerable in Jeremie and throughout the Grand Anse River Valley to the West where unconfirmed reports said, floods swept everything away including homes and population.

Mounting tides entering the city swept away the hospital, prison and a monastery. Port facilities were demolished and the Customs house was badly damaged.

NEW HOUSES BEING BUILT A few houses were being built in the residential suburb of Jeremie, which was otherwise completely destroyed, leaving most of its 15,000 residents without shelter.

Hurricane "Hazel" hit the Bahamas tonight and began an ominous shift toward the Northwest.

If the vicious storm continues its northwesterly swing, it might rage through the Central Bahamas and bring the South Atlantic seaboard of the United States within its destructive orbit, France-Press and United Press.

Mr Vyshinsky

Surprises

U.N.O. Again

This Time Over The Trieste Agreement

New York, Oct. 13.

The Soviet Union surprised delegates in the United Nations tonight by announcing that the recent Trieste agreement between Yugoslavia and Italy would "promote the establishment of normal relations" between the two countries and would lessen tension in that part of Europe.

The Soviet comment was made in a conciliatory letter to the United Nations from the USSR delegate, Mr Andrei Vyshinsky.

The Trieste question has been on the agenda of the United Nations Security Council for several years. Last week Italy, Britain, the United States and Yugoslavia jointly notified the President of the Council, Mr William Boarder of Denmark, of the agreement initiated in London concerning the free territory and asked him to inform the members of the Council.

It was in acknowledgment of that information that Mr Vyshinsky wrote to the Council President noting that the agreement had "been reached as a result of the understanding between Yugoslavia and Italy as to the boundaries of the free territory and is acceptable to those countries."

"In view of this circumstance," he added, "and also of the fact that the above mentioned agreement between Yugoslavia and Italy will promote the establishment of normal relations between them and thus contribute towards a relaxation of tension in that part of Europe, the Soviet Government takes cognizance of the above mentioned agreement."

The tone of Mr Vyshinsky's letter came as a pleasant surprise to delegates and officials, some of whom had been prepared for the Soviet Union to try to make things difficult by incessantly reopening debate on the free territory in the Council.

The letter seemed to follow the moderate attitude which has been a feature of Soviet behaviour so far at this session of the General Assembly.

The Ministry's words were in sharp contrast to those he had made in the Security Council on the same issue a year ago.

In previous statements, he had maintained that the Trieste agreement was "a step towards the solution of the Trieste problem."

AGREEMENT ON SAAR REPORTED

Paris, Oct. 13.

France and the Saar today reached a general over-all agreement on the pending economic problems after talks at the Foreign Ministry here.

The Saar Premier, Mr Johannes Hoffmann and the French Premier, Mr Mendès-France took part in the talks. Saar sources said that the details of the agreement would be worked out by a group of experts.

The experts met late this afternoon, after this morning's one-hour Franco-Saar meeting. A French Foreign Office communiqué issued tonight said that M. Mendès-France today discussed with Hoffmann the Saar Premier, "the situation on the eve of the forthcoming Franco-German talks."

The communiqué added that the two statements "examined certain problems of interest to the two countries"—France-Press.

Talks Continuing On Compensation For C.P.A. Airliner

London, Oct. 13.

The Chinese Communists are still studying compensation for the C.P.A. airliner shot down in the Taiwan Strait. The Chinese government said today that the airliner was shot down on July 27, 1954, and that the Chinese government was still studying the compensation for the aircraft and the lives lost.

New World Record For Chataway

London, Oct. 13.

Chris Chataway, British long distance runner tonight set a new world record for the 5,000 metres—13 minutes 51.8 seconds—in one of the most memorable races in athletic history.

He was running in the London-Moscow track and field meeting at the White City.

He beat Vladimir Kutz of Moscow, the holder of the title—thus avenging his defeat by Kutz during the European championships at Berna recently. (See P. 6 for Full Report)

Sudden End To King Appeal Case

An appeal on criminal proceedings against Mr James J. King ended abruptly before Mr Justice Reynolds in the Supreme Court this morning.

Mr W. H. Seymour who had made an appeal against the decision, holding that Mr King had been "guilty of a charge of fraudulent conversion of some \$5,000, applied through Counsel for leave to withdraw the appeal on the ground of Mr King's ill health.

Mr A. J. Clifford (instructed by Mr F. D. Hammond) who appeared for Mr Seymour, a Director of George Falconer and Co. (HK) Ltd. disclosed this morning that Mr King was ill and announced that his client "from purely humanitarian motives" sought permission to withdraw the appeal against the decision of the Magistrate, Mr Poon Yeh-wei, because Mr King's health would be seriously affected if the case continued.

Earlier Mr Clifford asked leave to withdraw the appeal before the Full Court comprising the Acting Chief Justice (Mr Justice T. G. Gault) and the Judges, Mr Justice G. R. Gregg.

The Full Court had before it preliminary objections by the respondent to the hearing of the appeal. (See Full Story P. 10)

Government May Intervene In Big Dock Strike

London, Oct. 13.

If a Trade Union appeal to striking dockworkers fails, tonight, the British Government is expected to intervene and call employers and employees to a joint conference to try and stop the strike spreading all over the country.

The union leaders are meeting the men in London's Albert Hall in an attempt to persuade them to return to work.

The Government is faced with its gravest wave of industrial unrest with dock strikes and a bus strike growing in London. Nearly 30,000 dockers were on strike in London tonight tying up 232 ships in two separate labour disputes.

Fresh dock strikes began during the day in Glasgow, Scotland, and Southampton, Southern England, and strike leaders were threatening tonight to spread the stoppage to all British ports.

STRIKE WORKERS

A bus strike in London, launched this morning, worsened hourly during the day until 6,000 men and women were idle affecting 87 bus routes in the capital and causing traffic chaos in the underground railway network.

Sir Walter Monckton, Minister of Labour, received reports hour by hour on the deteriorating strike position, but there was no immediate sign of any Government intervention.

Yesterday Sir Walter Monckton made a special report on the situation to the Cabinet. Although Communists are aiding the spread of both the dock and the bus strikes, the disputes have no definite political motive.

WORKING CONDITIONS

All stem from union disputes over working conditions and have one underlying theme—the determination of workers to combat any tendency to make overtime compulsory or a permanent part of their earnings.

Sir Walter Monckton, who has been an acknowledged success as Labour Minister in a Right-wing administration, is facing his greatest challenge.

All indications tonight were that he would make an early bid to call employers and workers to a joint conference to try and stop the strike from spreading all over Britain. He has been successful this year with this approach to a

threatened national rail strike and in a dispute involving three million shipbuilding and engineering workers.

The dock strike, however, presents a more complex and difficult challenge to the Minister as the issue is complicated by a "union war" which would handicap moves for a settlement. —Reuter.

Mr Attlee Sympathises With Peking

London, Oct. 13.

The leader of the Opposition, Mr Clement Attlee, said tonight he thought "the Russians would welcome a top-level talk with Britain and the United States on world problems. He also said he "sympathised" with Communist China in its attempts to win Formosa.

He was answering questions from a panel of political followers on his recent trip to Russia and Communist China, over B.B.C. Television.

"It was his first appearance on a formal television show," he remarked, "and he was sympathetic with its objectives to U.S. protection of Formosa."

"After all," he said, "the Communists won the civil war." Mr Attlee said he thought the Chinese were "more flexible" than the Russians. "He still mind you, they're dyed-in-the-wool Communists."

He said he thought the Russians would "welcome a top-level talk" with Britain and the U.S. but did not press the issue with Premier Georgi Malenkov of Russia.—United Press.

Korean Guerilla Leader On Mass Murder Charge

Seoul, Oct. 13.

A 34-year-old North Korean lieutenant-general, accused of being the top guerilla leader in South Korea, went on trial before a Military Court today in the Republic of Korea's first war crimes trial.

STANDING TRIAL WITH LT-GEN.

Nam Do Bu was four of his lieutenants, including a 24-year-old Communist nurse.

Nam, a South Korean by birth, admitted at the opening day's session he was responsible for the deaths of 2,400 people while he operated in the rugged mountain areas of Southern Korea.

GENERAL CHARGES

Although they have admitted the "general charges" which include murdering 2,800 people, burning 700 houses, plundering weapons on 800 occasions and burning 870 ROK trucks, the general and his accomplices will attempt to minimise specific accusations.

Nam, whose real name is Ha Joon Soo, was arrested with the other four last January in Taegu when they came down from the hills in an attempt to organise Communist cells which were intended to supply guerilla forces with money and supplies.—United Press.

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Germany Bans 'Luftwaffe' & 'Wehrmacht'

Bonn, Oct. 13.

Herr Theodor Blank, the West German Defence Commissioner, said today the Republic's new military machine would be called "Die Streitkräfte"—"The Forces."

"The words used by previous regimes, 'Wehrmacht' (Hitler's Third Reich) or 'Reichswehr' (Weimar Republic) had too many unpleasant associations with the past," he said.

Herr Blank said the words to be used for the new German Army (400,000 men) Navy (20,000 men) and Air Force (80,000 men) would be respectively "Landstreitkräfte" (Land Forces), "Seestreitkräfte" (Naval Forces) and "Luftstreitkräfte" (Air Forces).

He made it clear he had no doubt that he would be West Germany's future Defence Minister. Asked who would control the delivery of armaments, he answered "a procurement office which will be directly under my personal control." —Reuter.

FILM STAR CAN'T BRING SONS HERE



SUSAN HAYWARD AND HER TWINS

And Now Read Why

Hollywood, Oct. 13. — Actress Susan Hayward was refused court permission today to take her two sons to Hong Kong where she is to make a new movie "Mystery of the Wax Chateau."

The children, aged 10 and 12, are to accompany her to Hong Kong. Hayward's lawyers said today that the court had refused her request because the children's presence would be a distraction from their school work.

The Hayward-Barker divorce, granted last May, is under appeal by Barker and ending in a judgment that the children shall be taken from the state without consent of the court.

Barker's attorney, Mr. S. S. Barker, said today that he would appeal the court's decision. He said that the children's presence would be a distraction from their school work.

Narriman Very Ill

London, Oct. 13.

Former Queen Narriman of Egypt arrived today on a hurried visit to a world-famous gastrologist, that surgeon, Sir Herbert Baker, who is believed to be suffering from a serious illness.

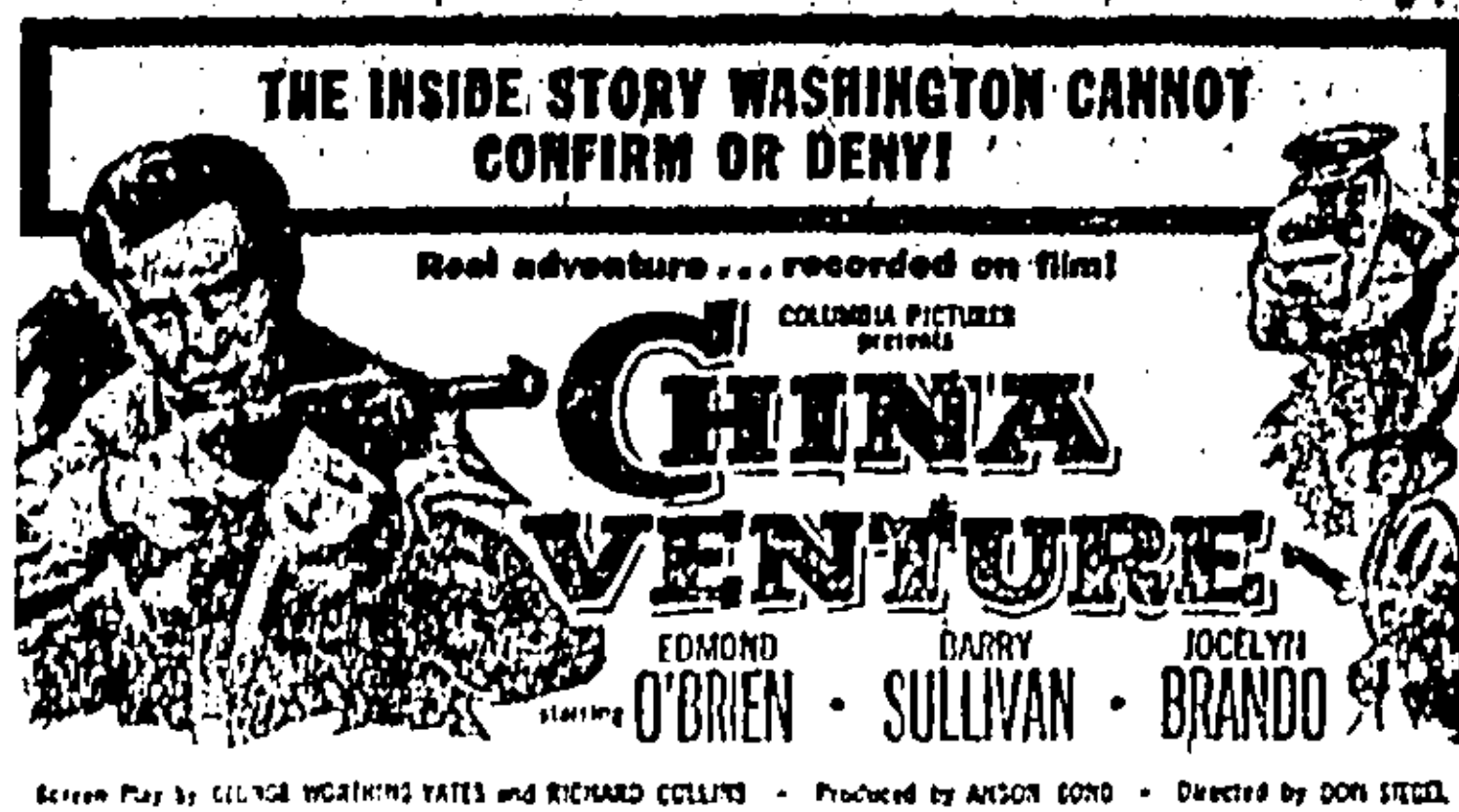
The mother of the late King of Egypt, King Farouk, is believed to be suffering from a serious illness. She is believed to be suffering from a serious illness.

Advertisement for Sandoz watches. The text reads: "Sandoz watches since 1870. Water resistant. Swiss made. Price 20/- to 100/-." There is an image of a Sandoz watch.

KING'S PRINCESS

AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20
& 9.30 P.M.

COMMENCING TO-DAY



★ NEXT CHANGE ★

THE BLAZING FURY OF GUERRILLA WAR...



3rd BIG WEEK!

3 SHOWS DAILY AT 11.00 A.M., 2.50 & 8.00 P.M.

The Picture that won
10 Academy Awards!



DAILY AT 2.30,
5.30, 7.30 &
9.30 P.M.

FINAL TO-DAY



with AGNES MOOREHEAD - OTTO KRUGER - GREGG PALMER

★ TO-MORROW ★



SHOWING
TO-DAY



New Escape Device



New submarine escape devices have been tested out by naval scientists, and the Admiralty have completed and put into use, the 100ft. escape tower for training sub. crews. This picture shows the new type of marker buoy with which submarines will be equipped. It has a flashing light, reflecting road-signs and radio. —Central Press Photo.

FIRST BRITISH PRESS COUNCIL ANNUAL REPORT

London, Oct. 14.

Britain's Press Council, set up a year ago to judge on newspaper ethics, reported today that the main questions with which it had to deal were alleged invasion of privacy, disclosure of secrets, reporting of crime and treatment of sex.

The Council's first annual report declared that exceedingly few specific cases of invasion of private life come before it.

Complaints sometimes arose because of the large number of reporters wishing to question people in the news. The report suggested the newspaper world should find a remedy for this.

CRIME REPORTING

In crime reporting, the report said, complaints that some newspapers gave criminals "a kind of glamour" appeared to be grossly exaggerated.

The Press Council, set up on the recommendation of a Royal Commission which sat in 1947 to investigate the control, management and ownership of British newspapers, comprised of editors, proprietors and representatives of the National Union of Journalists and the Institute of Journalists, its purpose is to maintain press liberty and press judgment on any alleged lapses of ethical standards by newspapers. It has no direct disciplinary powers.

Colonel J. Astor, Chairman of the Council, Editor of the Times, said in a foreword to the annual report that the first year's work encouraged the hope that the Council might do much to encourage and justify the confidence and goodwill of the public towards its press.

The report said: "A free and trusted press is the only ultimate safeguard of our Democracy. The rights of the individual to express itself are precisely those of the newspaper. If those of the newspaper are whittled away, those of the individual will surely diminish."

PRICELESS LIBERTY

"The Council therefore holds the view that, such

NEW ANTI-TANK WEAPON

Washington, Oct. 13. The Army yesterday demonstrated the latest anti-tank weapon, a 100-millimetre recoilless rifle, which could penetrate the thickest armour any tank might use.

An Army announcement here said the new rifle would "defeat any tank in the world today."

Army Ordnance officers said the 100-millimetre recoilless rifle was developed by the Ordnance Research and Development Laboratory at Aberdeen, Maryland.

Danger Of War Less

Acute If West Remains Firm

LORD COLERAINE EXPRESSES VIEWS IN RUSSIA

Moscow, Oct. 13.

Lord Coleraine, leader of the British parliamentary delegation visiting Russia, said today if the West was firm the danger of war could become much less acute.

He was convinced during his tour that "apart from war the Russians have enough reconstruction to keep them busy for 100 years which leads to the conclusion that the Soviet Government does not want war."

But he said this could only be relied on "if we go ahead with the consolidation of the Western world."

Lord Coleraine added: "We and the United States must stand together in Europe because if not Soviet Union will take what she wants without war."

RESOLUTE SECURITY

"The Soviet Union tends to want resolute security at the expense of insecurity for everyone else."

Lord Coleraine returned here today with one group of the delegates who toured Stalingrad, Tiflis, Sochi and Kiev. He told reporters he had not realised before coming to Russia the extent the country suffered physically during the war and the reality of the German invasion. Battle scars showed up clearly from the air all over the country.

This accounted for the fear of another invasion, though it had not altered the fact of Russia's dangerous method of seeking security.

"On our tour, the immense friendliness and the warmth of the people themselves as well as the kindness and hospitality of officials impressed us," he said. Colonel Ralph Clarke, a Conservative M.P. who led the group which visited Stalingrad, Sverdlovsk and Gorky, said on his return here today that the "friendliness is not the synthetic thing—it is from the heart and not the head."

Mr. George Wigg, a Labour M.P. said he was struck by the vast distances and importance of good communications.

GAITY LACKING

Russia had completed its post-war reconstruction, and "advanced a big front there. They lack the West's gaiety and sophisticated life, but the country is a going concern and everyone gets enough to eat and wear," he continued.

The East-West boycott was a "piece of nonsense," Russia had done all she wanted merely by holding back some less important production.

Lord Coleraine announced tonight that the delegation would be received tomorrow by Marshal Kliment Voroshilov, the Russian President and Chairman of the Supreme Soviet.

He expected the visit would be "purely formal" and did not know if the delegation would meet other government leaders.

The delegation was entertained tonight at a reception at the Sovetskaya Hotel by the Soviet Society for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries.—Reuter.

London, Oct. 13. Mr. Anthony Eden, Foreign Secretary, said here tonight that no British Foreign Secretary could "go it alone" but needed "the support of both a loyal staff and of an informed public opinion."

In the field of informing public opinion, the Royal Institute of International Affairs exercises special influence, the Foreign Secretary said. He was speaking as guest of honour at a dinner given by the Institute here tonight.—Reuter.

Examination Of Espionage Evidence

Paris, Oct. 13.

The Paris military tribunal investigating leaks of secrets from the National Defence Council today called a sudden halt to the stream of witnesses to examine testimony taken during two weeks of intense questioning.

Key figures in the inquiry, suspended Police Commissioner Jean Dider, mystery witness Alfred Delarue, an escaped convict, and Communist newsmen Andre Baranes, have undergone long quiz sessions at the Reuilly Barracks where Major Bernard de Ressegulier is handling the investigation.

A tribunal spokesman today told newsmen all testimony taken so far would get a thorough going-over in the next few days as investigators try to fit together the pieces of France's top post-war espionage scandal.

The testimony transcript now takes up hundreds of pages which officials must leaf through to find out exactly how and precisely why the Defence Council's secrets were being funnelled out, disclosing dangerous security leaks in the nation's most hush-hush military planning group.—United Press.

Conquerors Of K-2

Genoa, Oct. 13.

Achille Compagnoni and Lino Lacedelli yesterday were hailed as the conquerors of the second highest mountain in the world.

Speaking at a celebration dinner, Ardito Desio, leader of this year's successful Italian expedition to the top of the 28,250 K-2 mountain, said the two veteran Alpine climbers reached the summit of the unconquered peak together on July 31.

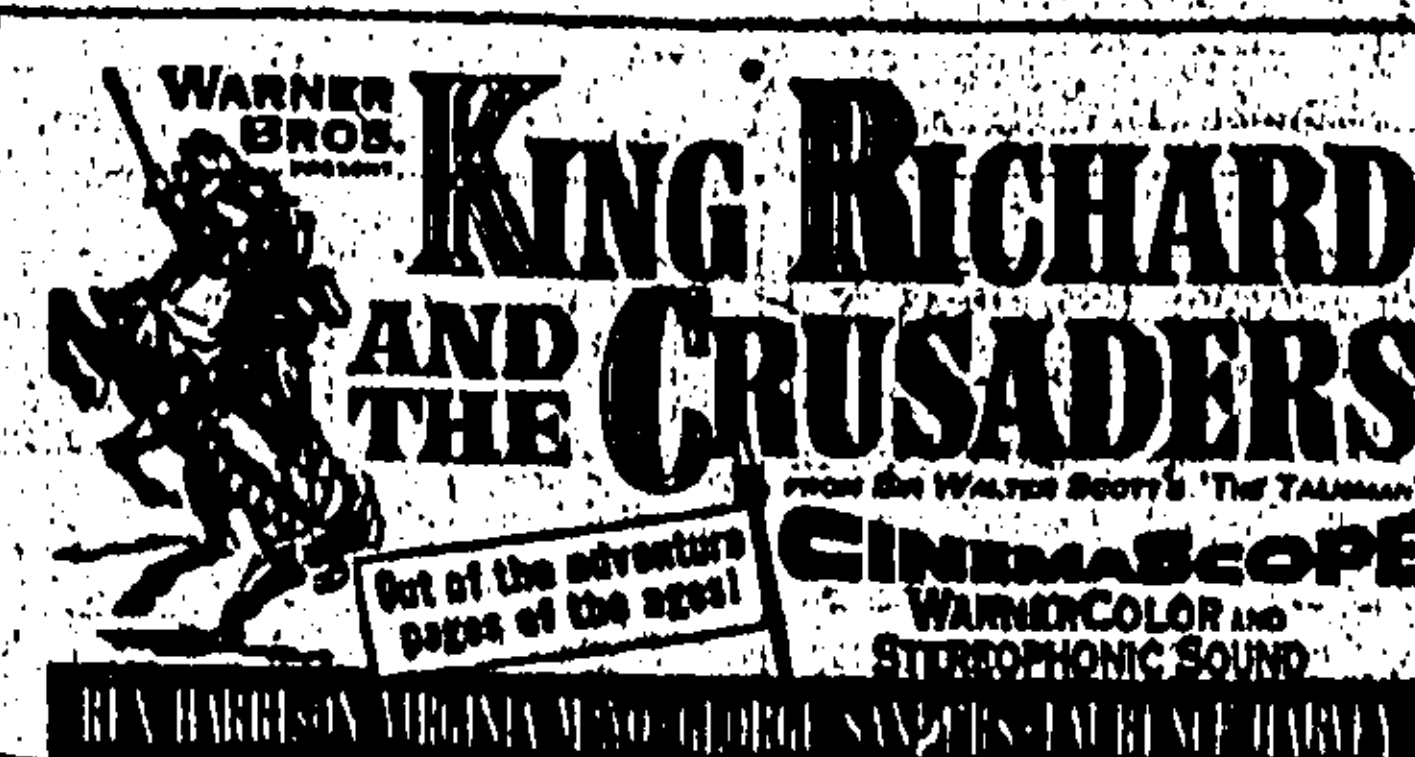
"Any other version of the final conquest of the peak is to be dismissed as incident or arbitrary," Desio said.

The official announcement of the men who first reached the top of the Himalayan Mountain came almost seven weeks after their identity was carried by United Press last August 20.

In revealing the identity of K-2's conquerors, Desio once again eulogised all the members of his expedition, without whose skill and determination he said, the ascent could not have been made.—United Press.

QUEEN'S & LIBERTY

★ SHOWING TO-DAY ★



EMPIRE

4 SHOWS AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

COMMENCING TO-DAY



ADDED ATTRACTION.

"BENEATH THE SEVEN SEAS"

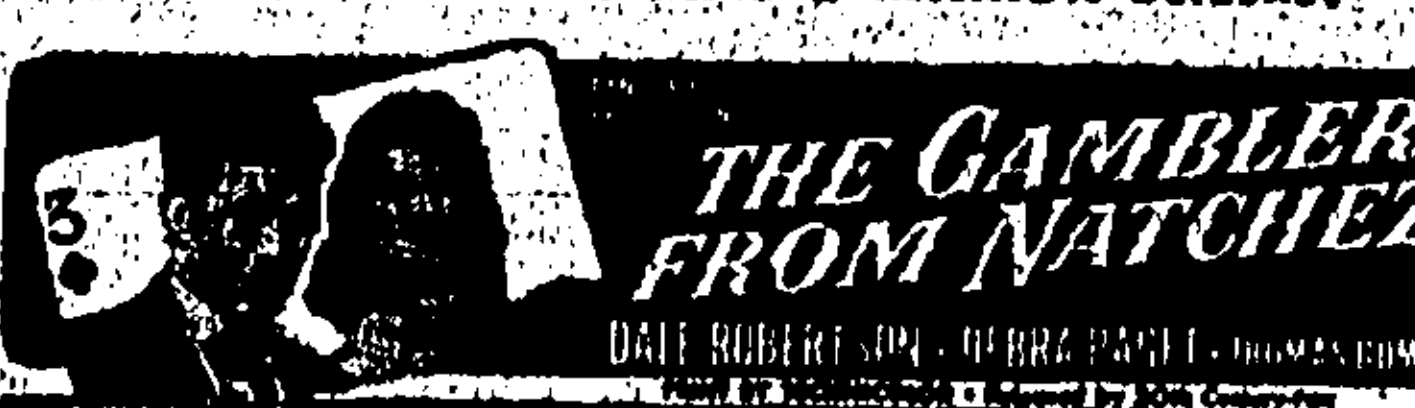
Underwater documentary. The thrills, mysteries and dangers of the sea are brought to the screen with exciting shots of early and modern diving apparatus, the deadly submarine and frogman. The camera also follows Dr. Hans Haas photographing a man-eating shark.

ROXY & BROADWAY

★ FINAL SHOWING TO-DAY ★

AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

A Panoramic Production
On Our Panoramic MAGIC MIRROR Screens!



★ OPENS TO-MORROW ★

A Panoramic Production
On Our Panoramic MAGIC MIRROR Screens!



BOOKINGS NOW OPEN!

SHOWING TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.20, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

ON OUR NEW GIANT WIDE SCREEN!



Going by bus



FANTASTIC STRIDE-FOR-STRIDE RACE

CHATAWAY OUTRUNS KUTS
AND CLIPS FIVE SECONDS
OFF HIS WORLD RECORD

London, Oct. 13.

Chris Chataway, Oxford University graduate, set up a new world record for the 5,000 Metres of 13 minutes 51.6 seconds after one of the most memorable races in athletic history during the London-Moscow track and field meeting tonight.

He beat Vladimir Kuts, of Moscow, the holder of the European title, after a thrilling race in which the two men ran stride for stride, lap after lap, and thus gained revenge for his defeat during the European championships at Berne.

Right from the start Kuts pumped into the lead, with Chataway closer to him than his shadow in the oval-shaped flood-

light. They left the rest of the field behind and it developed into a duel between the Russian and the Briton.

Every time Kuts made a burst to try to shake Chataway off, so

Chataway increased his speed and kept right on the Russian's heels. When they came round the last bend and into the straight Chataway made his challenge and passed Kuts just before the post, winning by less than a metre.

Chataway had won for Britain what a radio commentator said was a "fantastic and magnificent race."

As the bell went for the last 400 metres, Kuts made a final desperate effort once more to shake the Briton loose. The red-headed Chataway, however, held his place, and as they entered the straight with less than 100 metres to go, they ran neck to neck.

Slowly but surely Chataway gained over the world record holder, and as they were about to reach the tape Chataway forced ahead of his struggling rival to break the tape less than a metre in front for a new world record.

The previous 5,000 Metres world record, established by Kuts during the European Championships at Berne, but not ratified, was 13 minutes 56.6 seconds. His time today was 13 minutes 51.6 seconds.

KUTS SETS FIRST

Though beaten by Chataway, Kuts, a tough blond former sailor and now a student, had the satisfaction of breaking the world Three Miles record during the 5,000 Metres race today with a time of 13 minutes 27 seconds—eight-tenths of a second faster than the figure he established at Berne.

He got a great roar when this was announced.

The meeting, a match between London and Moscow, which the Russians won by 103 points to 57, also yielded a third world record—Yury Lityuev of Moscow doing the 440 Yards Hurdles in 51.3 seconds. This beat the 51.6 seconds put up by the American, C. H. Moore, on the same ground in 1952.

Moscow gained comfortable victories in both men's and women's events, beating the London men by 13 events to five and 103 points to 57, and the women by seven events to three and 86 points to 32.

Chataway said afterwards that he was determined not to be "left" by Kuts as he had been at Berne when he concentrated his attention on Zatopek.

"It was a touch and go affair coming into the home straight," he said. He felt very tired as

Kuts Trying
Again
Next Week

London, Oct. 14.

The Soviet runner, Vladimir Kuts, hopes to win back the world record for the 5,000 Metres, taken from him by Britain's Chris Chataway, in the Moscow-London athletic meet here last night, at a meeting in Prague next week.

Kuts is to make his next world record-breaking attempt against none other than the Czech double Olympic winner, Emil Zatopek, Sergei Pushnov, manager of the Moscow team, said here last night.

After the sensational 5,000 Metres event, in which both the winner, Chataway, and the beaten-by-a-yard Kuts lowered the latter's world record, the British Champion said that he was not certain of victory until 30 yards away from the tape.

Before calling for a supreme effort to pass his Soviet rival, Chataway said, he felt very tired.

His only tactics, he added, were to keep always on the back of the Russian, because during the European Championships at Berne, Kuts had managed to get a good lead on him, and he was aware of the danger of being

the Russian applied pressure but "put out every ounce of effort into my final burst on the post," Sergei Pushnov, the Moscow team manager, said he hoped that an England-USSR match could be arranged in Moscow next year.

He said Kuts was very grateful to Chataway for helping him break the Three Miles record.

Kuts was delayed in getting to the stadium by one of the worst traffic jams West London has had for many years, so great was the interest aroused among British athletic fans.

NORRIS IN FORM

The British distance runner, Ken Norris, put up one of the best performances of the evening by winning the 10,000 Metres in 29 mins. 35.4 seconds and beating the redoubtable Alexander Anufriyev, ex-Soviet 10,000 Metres Champion.

Norris ran the fastest 10,000 Metres ever run by a Briton in this country.

There were no outstanding upsets except that some of the Russian girls did not produce their best. European sprint champion Irena Turova could not finish second to her countrywoman Yana Kreplina, in the 100 metres won by Kreplina in 12 seconds.

Nadezhda Konyayeva, the world record javelin thrower, could only finish second to her countrywoman Yana Roudale, while the young English girl, Joan Scrivens, accomplished one of the outstanding performances of the evening in winning the 200 Metres in 24.5 seconds, with Maria Kidina, the European 200 Metres Champion, third.

Gordon Pirie, the noted British distance runner, made his return to the track after a lay-off of more than three months, winning a special Two Miles race in 8 minutes 54.8 seconds. He covered the first mile in four minutes 19.4 seconds.—Athenian.

EMPIRE RECORD

London, Oct. 13.

The Soviet athlete Yuri Lityuev set a new world record in the 440 Yards Hurdles in the London versus Moscow track meet at the White City Stadium here tonight.

Lityuev was clocked in 51.3 seconds, which beat the record of 51.6 seconds set by the United States athlete, Charles Moore, here in 1952.

Lityuev ran a fine race and never looked in any difficulty as he set a new record, but the best feature from the British point of view, was the way the London man, Harry Kane, stuck grimly on the Russian's tail to set a new English native (and a British Empire) record.

Kane also managed to split the formidable Russian pair of Lityuev and Yulin, the latter not seeming very happy with the conditions. Yulin is the reigning European 400 Metres Hurdles Champion, having upset the favoured Lityuev at Berne. Lityuev was followed home by Yulin in 51.8 seconds, with Yulin third in 51.8—United Press.

LIBERATION
SHIELD MATCH
ON SUNDAY

The following are the selections from Kowloon Bowling Green and Kowloon Cricket Club for the final match of the Liberation Shield, which is to take place on Sunday, at Austin Road commencing at 3 p.m.

KBCG
A. M. Buchanan, F. Francis, J. J. Groom, W. C. Smith, J. C. B. Black, L. C. Parker, F. Stanger, J. McKelvey (skip), G. A. Gordon, F. Shier, V. C. Bond, A. Harvey (skip), J. C. Bond, E. F. Baker, A. L. C. Gordon, E. B. Rounstall, H. Gavanagh, D. Trail (skip), M. K. Gordon, J. J. Groom, V. C. Bond, A. Campbell, A. G. Gordon, W. E. Harris, J. C. Bond, J. Gavanagh, A. J. Stanger, J. B. Dewhurst.
KCC
J. Gavanagh, J. J. Groom, C. C. Gordon, J. C. Bond, F. Stanger, J. McKelvey (skip), G. A. Gordon, F. Shier, V. C. Bond, A. Harvey (skip), J. C. Bond, E. F. Baker, A. L. C. Gordon, E. B. Rounstall, H. Gavanagh, D. Trail (skip), M. K. Gordon, J. J. Groom, V. C. Bond, A. Campbell, A. G. Gordon, W. E. Harris, J. C. Bond, J. Gavanagh, A. J. Stanger, J. B. Dewhurst.

SOCCER ON THE
INSIDE

(Edited by Terence Elliott)

Another John Charles on the way up? Could be.... and he's a Scot this time. Over the border they are hailing a 17-year-old schoolboy centre-half as a prospect in the "wonder boy" category. He is Douglas Ballie, weight 14 stone, height 6 ft. 2 ins. That even eclipses the John Charles physique.

But the Scots rank him as their top centre-half prospect on his playing ability. English clubs haven't been slow to take a peep. Credited with a watching brief on Ballie are Preston North End, Newcastle, Manchester City, and Leicester City.

Young Douglas was converted to the centre-half job by Aldridge after a 49-goal burst in 18 matches as a centre-forward. First in the queue—

Preston. But it will be tough persuading Douglas to come south at this stage.

Flashback to the Charles transfer request and the world record fee comes from Newcastle Chairman Mr. Stanley Seymour. At Leeds last Saturday week he kept watch on the Birmingham full-backs... saw nothing better than he has on his books. But he was taking his first view of Charles in the centre-half position, and the Seymour opinion is: "At £40,000 Charles would be cheap. He's the best in the world."

"TOO HAZARDOUS"

Professional football is "out" for Peter and David Jackson, 17-year-old twin sons of Wrexham manager Peter Jackson, who made their League debut for the Welsh club last Saturday week—on father's orders!

Manager Jackson, associated with Stoke City for 26 years as player, chief scout and assistant manager, has told his boys: "It is altogether too hazardous. You must make certain of a future career outside football."

Left-half David is articled to an accountant, and inside left Peter is training to be an architect.

Sheffield United are now using old Billy Gillespie in a scouting capacity. Billy was always a good judge of a player, and one of the greatest tacticians of all times on the field.

"Bill" Toner, Sheffield United's utility player who refused to sign again when the club "docked" his summer wages, is now with Guildford.

Through not signing he lost close upon £200 in wages while he was idle, and now, by going out of League football, he may forfeit three years' accrued share of benefit.

It is understood, however, that he will be free to return to a League club if one wants him.

PRIZE-WINNERS

The following were the prize winners:—

Colony Ladies' Singles Championship—Winner: Mrs. K. H. Ip; Runners-Up: Mrs. E. T. and Mrs. M. C. Chow.

Colony Mixed Doubles Championship—Winners: Mr. and Mrs. K. H. Ip; Runners-Up: E. T. and Mrs. M. C. Chow.

Club Ladies' Singles Championship—Winner: Mrs. D. Kite and Miss A. Philip; Runners-Up: Mrs. J. Scholes and Mrs. M. Hill.

Club Men's Doubles Championship—Winners: E. Saubolle and G. Braun; Runners-Up: M. Heenan and T. J. Gould.

Club Mixed Doubles Championship—Winners: E. Saubolle and Miss Philip; Runners-Up: Dr. Smart and Mrs. Scholes.

Club Ladies' Singles Handicap—Winner: Mrs. G. Malton; Runner-Up: Mrs. H. M. Prophet.

Club Men's Singles Handicap—Winner: P. Wilmer; Runner-Up: G. F. Norton.

Club Ladies' Doubles Handicap—Winners: Miss J. Lawrence and Mrs. E. Hoar; Runners-Up: Mrs. N. Presu and Mrs. P. Simon.

Club Men's Doubles Handicap—Winners: Dr. J. Gray and Dr. L. H. Hobbie; Runners-Up: B. W. Wheeler and G. C. Hobbie.

Club Mixed Doubles Handicap—Winners: Mr. and Mrs. E. Story; Runners-Up: Dr. Gray and Mrs. H. Hobbie.

Chester's talented young goalkeeper Bobby Jones, located a bone in his thumb recently when at least two senior clubs were on the point of offering a fat cheque for his transfer.

That was bad luck for Jones, who is in the RAF at Kirkham, for Southampton, for whom Jones played and was due to receive a percentage of any fee received—and for Chester.

IMPRESSIONIST LIST

It's an impressive list—Blackpool, Sheffield United, Aston Villa, Middlesbrough, Newcastle, Preston, Leeds, Rotherham, and Fulham. All have watched 22-year-old Accrington Stanley centre-half John Hydon this season.

Mystery is that no one seems to really bite. "No approach has been made for the player," said manager Walter Galbraith. "We know clubs have watched him but that's as far as it has gone."

Fulham manager Frank Osborne saw Hydon below form against Southampton. He said: "I'll be back for another look."

Still the English scouts clamour for talent over the border. A Stoke City director has been watching Cowden, a 5ft. 6in. opportunist. Portsmouth scout Hugh Bone was not impressed with Kyr United right-half John Traynor.

Ivor Powell, Bradford City player-manager, hobbled to the

phone with his leg in plaster and cracked down on any suggestion that he will not play football again. The idea circulated quickly in Bradford following the signing by the Valley-parade club of wing half-back Robb from Albion Rovers.

"Quite true," says the former Welsh international and Aston Villa star, "that Robb arrives to fill a half-back gap caused by my injury. And it is true I will be kept out of the game for some time."

"But even if it can only be next season, I fully intend to play again."

(London Express Service).

REME Win Time
Trial From
RAF Sai Wan

After a two weeks lull, during which two Novice events were held, big-time cycle racing came back with a bang when the REME C.C. scored an overwhelming victory in the "Hilly" 25 Miles Time Trial held on Sunday Oct. 10, beating their great rivals, the RAF Sai Wan team by nearly 20 minutes.

The course was a grueling one, including the stiff climbs on both sides of Route 1, and the hill from Tai Po to Sha Tin. A hard wind added to the difficulties of the riders, in spite of which they all remarked on the sporting nature of the course and asked for further events over the same roads.

A great battle was fought out between the two leading REME riders, Hurford snatching a 4 seconds triumph from Rylance, with the excellent time place 1-18-38. Owing to a miscalculation by the timekeeper, he was credited with a 1-15-38, which was corrected, to his obvious disappointment, on a re-check.

Gower, RAF Sai Wan, who had a few days previously taken the N.T. Road Circuit Record from Hurford, took third place in 1-18-38. Owing to a miscalculation by the timekeeper, he was credited with a 1-15-38, which was corrected, to his obvious disappointment, on a re-check.

VARIABLE GEARS USED

All of the leading finishers used variable gear, with the sole exception of Wilkinson, RAF Sai Wan, who swilled his 77 fixed to return first place in 1-18-38. Owing to a miscalculation by the timekeeper, he was credited with a 1-15-38, which was corrected, to his obvious disappointment, on a re-check.

Some very good first rides were put up by Rutledge, RAF Sai Wan, and the two new REME boys, Skinner and Cooper. Two of the BCRA representatives were unfortunate to go off course and finish up with a "DNF" against their names.

Timekeeper for this highly popular event was Capt. Lord, with Webby of the REME acting as Turn Marshall. Awards were presented by Mrs. Whitmore, wife of the RAF Sai Wan Secretary.

Results: 1. Hurford (REME C.C.), 1-15-37; 2. Rylance (REME C.C.), 1-16-37; 3. Gower (RAF Sai Wan), 1-18-38; 4. Wilkinson (RAF Sai Wan), 1-18-38; 5. Milligan (REME C.C.), 1-18-38; 6. Poole (RAF Sai Wan), 1-18-38.

Winning Team: REME C.C. (Hurford, Rylance, Milligan) 3-52-48.

RAF 1, KMB 2

Airmen Put Up A
Grand Fighting
Performance

By I. M. MacTAVISH

Football is a man's game. It is intended to be played hard, fast and tough, but when a player gets his "Rs" and "Ts" confused the game loses much of its natural appeal to the other players and spectators alike.

There is no more sorry sight than to see top-class players deliberately shying away from the ball rather than risk injury.... and there is nothing so distressing as having to watch a referee tolerating such circumstances in any game.

At Caroline Hill yesterday the Royal Air Force confounded the critics by putting up a grand fighting performance against the Champions.

From the start the Airmen showed that they cared not one whit for reputations. They got on with playing the game and they were rewarded by getting the first goal in the 23rd minute when MacLellan got his head to a cross ball and nodded it smartly into the back of the net.

At this stage the RAF could easily have been two or even three goals up and they were giving the Busmen a hot hand.

I believe that if they had gone on playing as they were they might well have maintained their lead until the interval but Toth, who had already been spoken to by the referee for a dangerous tackle on Szeto Yiu, once again offended.

From the free kick the ball was swung into the RAF penalty area and there was Lee Tai-fai waiting to push it into the net.

A couple of minutes later Toth tried a loose sliding tackle on Szeto Yiu, but the inside right jumped over so neatly over his outstretched legs, went on to outstrip the defence and crack the ball into the net. This gave his side a narrow interval lead that they did not deserve on the balance of play.

After the turnabout play got steadily more scrappy and uninteresting.

OVER BOISTEROUS

For this state of affairs Toth must take a heavy share of the blame for his over boisterous tactics which drove one or two of the KMB forwards to seek physical safety by getting well out of the ball as quickly as possible.

The characteristic inter-passing of the KMB inside trio disappeared almost completely and their third goal, scored by young Lee Shui-fai, was due to cover covering by the RAF defenders and not to good leading-up work.

The last 20 minutes of the game must rank among the scrappiest seen at Caroline Hill in a long time. The ball was given plenty of boot and sailed gaily about from one set of defenders to the other at as high a level as possible.

There was still plenty of danger in the frequent RAF raids, however, and twice Wat-Fat-kim had to show his worth to keep the eager airmen from scoring again.

One important point came out of this game and it should be good news to many right-backs. Mok Chun-wah can be played out of a game... and played out fairly and squarely.

Hodkinson, the RAF right-back, big and strong, stuck to the midge winger like a limpet. Mok has seldom been matched as well as he was here and there was never a hint of doubtful tactics in Hodkinson's play.

Loader worked hard at centre-half and his distribution was not in the same class as his resourceful defending he put in a grand afternoon's work.

Stokes had a good game of left half and up front, Marshall, Alexander and McManus did well.

This was not time for the Busmen's better game. They had weaknesses at right-back and centre-half. Szeto Yiu had a grand game and got good backing from Chad Kar-mai.

Up front the brothers Lee Tai-fai and Lee Shui-fai played well but after the interval the

forward line was a thing of shadows and patches.

VERDICT: This game opened on a bright note and promised much but it deteriorated to a low ebb long before the finish. Rough play has early shown itself in Colony soccer this season. Already six players have received marching orders and if the game is to make progress then every referee must take a strong line and weed out those players who adopt unfair tactics and will not allow the true ball player to exploit his skill. How sover of the incidents here escaped censure puzzled me and others who watched the game... for it was oh so blatantly obvious. Congratulations to Szeto Yiu and his mates for refusing to be goaded into retaliation.

THE TEAMS

RAF: — Sherkey, Hodkinson, Mackay, Toth, Loader, Stokes, Toth, Alexander, MacLellan, Carter, McManus.

KMB: — Wat-Fat-kim, Hung Hing-yuk, Chad Kar-mai, Tang Sam, Lau Tin, Szeto Yiu, Lee Shui-fai, Szeto Yiu, Tang Yee-kit, Lee Tai-fai, Mok Chun-wah.

First Round Of
Gutierrez Shield
On Saturday

The first round of the Gutierrez International Shield Competition swings into play on Saturday with six matches on both Island and Mainland grounds. The entries this year number 14 countries, and the best of Saturday's clashes should be seen at Cox's Path when Portugal and Scotland meet.

Another fine game will result from the tie between China and England at Recreation. Of the other likely winners are Malaya, Pakistan and Switzerland. The Philippines v Australia match should be close, with the advantage, if any to Dick Barn.

Canada and Ireland have both drawn byes and are therefore not engaged this week.

The following are the team selections:—

Portugal — E. M. Alarcão, J. A. Luz, R. F. Luz, C. E. Figueira, Scotland — M. S. McKay, C. Mackinnon, W. M. McCall, J. McKelvie at KCC.

Philippines — Dr. V. N. Atienza, C. A. Coelho, W. C. Ogle, R. Bana v Australia — G. F. Leslie, A. J. Kew, E. J. Liddell, C. B. Rounstall, At K.D.C.

Malaya — M. Y. Adai, H. Seemim, M. B. Hassan, S. Yusoff v Wales — W. Rees, B. Boycott, T. O. Morgan, L. M. S. Lloyd at HKCC.

Pakistan — M. I. Razaq, M. A. Abbas, A. R. Bano, A. M. Omar v Iran — B. P. Billington, P. K. Pavri, P. B. Sag, M. J. Divachia, At HKCC.

Hongkong — S. Y. Ip, C. Fung, J. Chubb, A. E. Baker, S. Seemim, M. B. Hassan, S. Yusoff v Wales — W. Rees, B. Boycott, T. O. Morgan, L. M. S. Lloyd at HKCC.

China — Francis Lee, J. N. Wong, R. Tay, P. Y. Hong, Hing England — F. Francis, G. Norman, W. C. Simpson, A. E. Elliott, At Recreation.

Reserves: J. T. V. Ribeiro (Portugal); A. Baehod (Malaya). All games to commence at 3.30 p.m. sharp.

THE GAMBOLS

ANY IMPORTANT DEVELOPMENTS? YES, THE CHAMPIONS WENT ON TO WIN THE FACTORY... AND THEN HIS GOLF CLUBS...

Barry Appleby

THIS CLAY STILL GETTING... AND THEN HIS GOLF CLUBS...

Barry Appleby

THIS CLAY STILL GETTING... AND THEN HIS GOLF CLUBS...

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"CANTON"	10th September	18th October
"CHUSAN"	9th October	3rd November
"CARTHAGE"	12th October	13th November
"CORFU"	10th November	12th December

Via Southampton, Port Said, Aden, Bombay, Colombo, Penang & Singapore.

Homewards	Leaves Hongkong	Due London
"CANTON"	19th October	19th November
"CHUSAN"	6th November	3rd December
"CARTHAGE"	21st November	2nd December
"CORFU"	3rd December	17th Jan., 1955

* Loading 17th & 18th October.
Via Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Bombay, Aden, Port Said & London.

FREIGHT SERVICE

Outwards	Arriving	From	Sails For
"SHILLONG"	20th Oct	U.K. Otaru, Yokohama & Kobe	
"SUNDA"	12th Nov	U.K.	Japan

Homewards	Leaving	For
"SUNDA"	10th Oct	Singapore, Port Swettenham, Penang, Colombo, Aden, Port Said & London

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"NELLORE"	In Port	from Australia
	sails 13th Oct	for Japan
"NELLORE"	due 8th Nov	from Japan
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All vessels have liberty to call at any ports on or off the route & the route & sailing are subject to change or amendment with or without notice.

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News contributions, always welcome, should be addressed to the Editor, business communications and advertisements to the Manager, Telephone: 2821 (5 lines), TELEPHONE OFFICE, Salisbury Road, Telephone: 2323.

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NOTICE

THE HONGKONG & KAUMATI FERRY CO., LTD.

Notice is hereby given that an Interim Dividend of THREE DOLLARS per share on the Company's Issued Capital has been declared payable on the 25th October, 1954, free of tax.

Notice is also given that the Share Register of the Company will be closed from Monday the 18th October, 1954 to Saturday the 23rd October, 1954, both days inclusive.

Dividend Warrants will be issued at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 144-148 Des Voeux Road, Central, 1st Floor, Hongkong, on and after the 25th October, 1954.

By Order of the Board,
LAU TAK PO,
Managing Director.

Hongkong, 1st October, 1954.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

"ARCANUS"

Damaged cargo on this vessel will be surveyed by Messrs. Goddard & Douglas at 10.15 a.m. on Saturday, 16th October, 1954, and consignees are requested to have their representatives present during the survey.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.

Hongkong, October 14, 1954.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

m.v. "TAIYUAN"

sails 12th October, 1954.

Damaged cargo on this vessel will be surveyed by Messrs. Goddard & Douglas at 10.15 a.m. on Saturday, 16th October, 1954, and consignees are requested to have their representatives present during the survey.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.

Australian-oriental Line Ltd. China Navigation Co., Ltd.

Possible New Partners In Brussels Pact

Washington, Oct. 13.

Norway and Denmark are discussing the possibility of joining the 1948 Brussels Treaty Organisation which is now being revised to include Germany and Italy.

Officials here today said that the possibility of this extending the 1948 military Alliance to Scandinavia had been discussed informally by the Norwegian and Danish Foreign Ministers at a meeting in Copenhagen last Monday.

The formal purpose of the meeting was to consider the changes in the North Atlantic Treaty to admit the Germans as proposed by the nine-power conference in London.

The possibility had also been discussed by the Norwegian Foreign Minister, Mr. Halvard Lunde, with the Norwegian Foreign Relations Committee.

Norway and Denmark, who were not represented at the London conference, had not been signatories of the European Defence Community Treaty because of its supra-national features. There are not the same objections to joining the Brussels Treaty Organisation which does not contain these supra-national features.

It is expected that the Norwegian and Danish Foreign Ministers will discuss questions with their North Atlantic colleagues at the meeting of the Ministerial Council of the

Paris, Oct. 13.

The Marquis de Cuevas, whose ballet company is world famous, this evening suffered a broken leg and head injuries when knocked down by a taxi here.

His right leg was fractured and his left leg badly injured. He did not lose consciousness but was in great pain. He was immediately rushed to the hospital for X-rays. —France-Press.

NEW C.O.I. CHIEF

London, Oct. 13.

A 47-year-old former journalist, Mr. T. Fife-Clark, has been appointed to the £3,000 a year post of Director-General of the Central Office of Information, the central agency for the preparation of publicity sent out by Government departments.

Mr. Fife-Clark succeeds Sir Robert Fraser, Australian-born Director-General of the Independent Television Authority, which will bring commercial television to Britain next year. —China Mail Special.

GOODS BANNED FOR EXPORT TO SOVIET BLOC

London, Oct. 14.

The British Government today disclosed the long secret list of goods whose sale to the Soviet bloc is banned by agreement among 15 non-Communist nations.

The list, published by the Board of Trade, filled a six-page pamphlet and covered nearly five hundred items. It was divided into two sections — one covering more than 400 categories of goods, which are subject to a complete "strategic embargo," the other consisting of about 60 items subject to quantitative limits.

The list applied only to the "Soviet bloc" and excluded Communist China.

The spokesman pointed out that the export of ships to the Soviet bloc states was still controlled by the British Government for strategic reasons and that ships could still not therefore be sold to them without approval.

He added that the British Government's list differed slightly from those of other countries affected for technical reasons and the need to facilitate matters for British traders.

But in no case did the definitions alter the scope of the controls agreed by the Co-ordinating Committee on East-West Trade (a 15-nation group with headquarters in Paris).

The spokesman said that following the revision of the strategic list, the Board of Trade had made changes in British export licensing control under an order which would come into operation on October 20.

Stressing that the changes did not apply to China, the spokesman said licenses were not now required by British traders, except for exports to China, Hongkong, Macao and Tibet — for the following goods: coffee, certain animal feeding stuffs, certain grain productions and edible preparations, bacon and ham, gun element, certain oils and oleaginous seeds, specified abrasives and abrasive manufacturing, carbon, cellulose and strontianite, natural graphite and scrap poly-chloroterepene, specified ferro-alloys, carbon steel plates, certain forms of non-ferrous metals and alloys, specified ores and concentrates, certain manufactures of platinum, chemical process vessels, certain coaxes and pipe valves, gauges, steel tanks, air conditioning machines, certain water lubricated bearings.

It also enlarged the area of permitted trade in a large number of categories remaining under control. The spokesman gave examples of these goods in which wider trade is now permitted, as "general purpose machine tools; electric generating plant, locomotives and railway equipment; chemicals and chemical plant."

He stressed that the "strategic embargo" just published today had already

GOODS OMITTED

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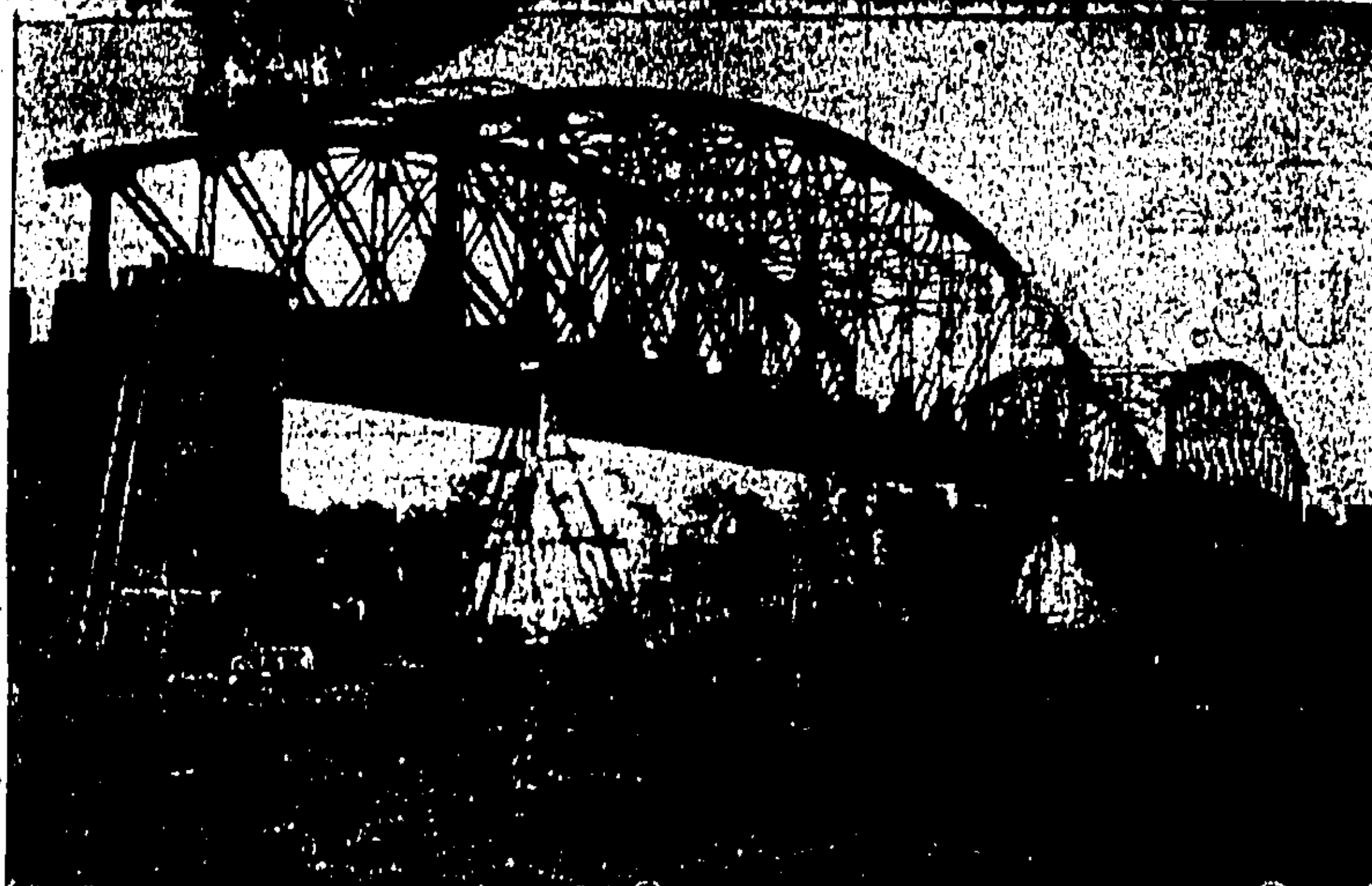
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NEW METHOD USED FOR DEMOLITION OF BRIDGE



The Nordbahn Bridge on the Danube in Vienna, which was damaged in 1945, was demolished by a new method. After placing wooden pillars beneath the bridge, the old supports were removed. The wooden pillars were then set alight after being covered with fuel oil. The burning pillars collapsed under the weight of the bridge—which weighs 300 tons, bringing it down. The new method is time-saving and it dispenses with the erection of scaffolding, and there is less risk to life as far as scrapping is done after the bridge had collapsed.—Express Photo.

MODERN REPLICA OF ATHEN'S ANCIENT STOA

Athens, Oct. 13.

As American archaeologists finish their excavations of the ancient Greek Agora (Market Place or Civic Centre) here, a unique new museum is rising to house their finds.

This museum is at once ancient and modern. For although it has been carefully underpinned with reinforced concrete, by the most up-to-date methods, the visible part of it will rise as a replica of the ancient Stoa which stood on the site at least 2,100 years ago.

The Stoa of Attalos, as it was called when the Agora was the political, commercial and social centre of Athens, formed part of the eastern boundary of this "Gathering Place" which flourished from the time of Solon (the early 6th century, B.C.) until it was sacked in the year 267 A.D.

The work of reconstruction of the Stoa began in June 1953 and has gone on steadily ever since. In addition to underpinning the ancient foundations with concrete, work has been carried out to ensure adequate drainage round the building.

Today, masons, using their traditional skills, are hard at work cutting and polishing the marble blocks which are to be used for the new building. But although some of the work is still done by hand, modern machines are being used to speed up some of the processes involved.

Up from the foundations, the back wall has already risen to about one half of its original height, and the terrace retaining the wall has been finished.

The first marble blocks have been laid in the line of steps beneath the front part of the colonnade and many of the bases, shafts and capitals of the columns have been worked and are ready for use when the building is far enough advanced.

It is hoped that the new Stoa will be completed during 1957.

Doric Columns

By that time, the building alone, without the fittings needed to equip it as a museum, is expected to have cost about £327,000. Thirty-one Doric columns on the lower floor, outside, will cost about £340 each, while 10 Ionic columns on the same floor but inside will cost over £350 each.

Finds, which will be moved there from the several small houses in which they are housed at present, include some 25,000 vases dating from 3,000 B.C. to 207 A.D., 100,000 coins, 6,000 inscriptions, and a collection of bronzes, many of which would not have been found in the mid-twentieth century holiday camp.

Among the finds of which the archaeologists working at the Stoa are most proud, is one of a silver vase, a "kylix", which was found in the mid-twentieth century holiday camp. This is decorated with a scene of a man and a woman. The vase is of the type known as a "kylix" and is decorated with a scene of a man and a woman. The vase is of the type known as a "kylix" and is decorated with a scene of a man and a woman.

Inside, is the picture of a youth crouching as if ready to start a race. In one hand, he holds his staff, in the other a rabbit, by the ears.

On the outside, are depicted two scenes: one showing Dionysos and his followers, and the other the last moments of the single combat between Achilles and Memnon.

Another cup, a drinking cup, has the name Simon scratched on its base. It was found in a building which is thought to have been a shoe-maker's shop and archaeologists think that it may have belonged to Simon, the shoe-maker at whose house Socrates is reported to have been a frequent guest.

★ ★ ★

The new museum, with its shady colonnade will shelter its modern visitors from the heat of the sun as the ancient colonnade sheltered the citizens of Athens who came to buy their food in the markets, to attend political meetings, to listen, perhaps, to Socrates talking, with his disciples in the Stoa of Zeus, or to hear a concert in the Odeon or to worship their gods in the great marble temple of Hephaistos, better known today as the Theseum.

Below this temple and slightly to the north, is the Altar of the Twelve Gods which was said to be the centre of the city of Athens and from which all distances were measured.

The Theseum, one of the best preserved of Greek temples, situated on slightly higher ground, dominates the Agora in the west. Within its marble colonnades, the tourist today may still see the altar on which the ancient Greeks offered their sacrifices, and where, later, early Christians worshipped.

In the Fountain House in the southwest corner of the site, dating back to the late 5th century, B.C., the visitor may still see deep hollows worn in the parapet slabs by the water pitchers of many generations of Athenian girls.

★ ★ ★

Until United States archaeologists began the two World Wars, bought for 700,000 dollars and demolished 380 of the poorest houses in Athens, the Agora was covered with the homes of some 2,000 people. The Agora was a busy place, a place of life and activity. It was a place where people came to buy and sell, to meet and talk, to work and play. It was a place where the life of the city was lived.

associated with the study of the results of the excavations.

Their work has added enormously to our knowledge of the way of life of the citizens of ancient Athens and even of its politicians. There is one round building which was the Senator's club house, where they gathered to eat, drink and relax, and even to sleep when they talked until it was too late to go home.

The fact that most of the buildings were destroyed at the sack of Athens and that much of the material was used later for new fortifications, has complicated the task of the modern excavators and reconstructors. But today, the whole plan is there and it needs little imagination to people it with generations long bygone.

Within a few years, too, it will come to life even more vividly. For not only is the museum to be housed in the new-ancient Stoa, but the excavated streets and avenues are to be lined with trees and shrubs. Groves are to be planted as in the ancient Agora, and plane trees will grow again where plane trees were once planted by the statesman Kimon.

Poplar Trees

The poplar tree, on which were once posted the names of boy women, will be followed by another on the traditional site.

Some 4,500 wild flowers—Greece is said to have a larger variety of wild flowers than any other country in Europe—will flourish as of yore and a formal garden (known to have existed because flower pots in which shrubs had been grown were found there) will surround the Temple of Hephaistos as it did in the time of Christ.

Much of the money to finance the purchase of the site, the excavations and studies, the reconstruction of the Stoa and finally the laying out of the garden has come from Mr. John Rockefeller, Jr.

Work done to date has cost just short of £270,000, of which Mr. Rockefeller contributed 1,135,000 dollars.

★ ★ ★

When, in 1901, it was estimated that some 4,500,000 wild flowers were growing in Greece, the number was reduced to 1,135,000. This was due to the fact that many of the wild flowers were being used for medicinal purposes. The number of wild flowers in Greece is now estimated to be 1,135,000.

Bank Of England Snaps Sterling Back To Par

London, Oct. 13.

Britain's gold and dollar reserves fell by 17 million dollars during September, the Treasury has announced. They stood at 2,901 million dollars on September 30.

Barring only certain months which had abnormal debt repayments, September was the first month in two years to have any loss at all in Britain's reserves. Adjusted for debt repayments, they had risen uninterruptedly in every single month of the previous two years.

In the circumstances, both official and unofficial British observers regarded the September loss as gratifyingly small.

During the month, Britain received nine million dollars of defence aid from the United States. She paid 12 million dollars to the European Payments Union, in part settlement of her August deficit, and another two million dollars off her old debt to certain EPU countries.

Her ordinary dollar transactions in September thus resulted in a deficit of 12 million dollars. This followed a similar deficit of five million dollars in January-July.

For the two peak months of seasonal pressure—on sterling,

the total August-September deficit of 17 million dollars was regarded as a remarkably small reversal of the previous big surpluses.

Up to last Tuesday, September 15, the Bank of England allowed the seasonal pressure to fall on the sterling exchange rate, instead of supporting the rate at the expense of the dollar reserves.

Last Tuesday week, when sterling had fallen to its lowest in two years, the Bank of England did intervene, and brought a sharp rally. Sterling promptly snapped back virtually up to its par value, and has since stayed there.

Today's figures reveal how few dollars the Bank of England had to spend to achieve this result. Its show of willingness to support the rate apparently sufficed to do the trick.

Foreign exchange experts described the incident as a tribute to the underlying strength of sterling, as well as to the Bank of England's technical skill—China Mail Special.

World Rubber Markets

Singapore, Oct. 13.

The rubber market opened firm and advanced on trade buying and good overseas acceptance. Later there was profit-taking and some selling, which reduced prices nearly 1/2 cent. But in the afternoon prices again advanced with sellers reserved.

Future closings were:
No. 1 rubber per lb. Oct. 77 1/2-78 1/2
No. 2 rubber per lb. Oct. 77 1/2-78 1/2
No. 3 rubber per lb. Oct. 77 1/2-78 1/2
No. 4 rubber per lb. Oct. 77 1/2-78 1/2
Spot rubber unbleached
Oct. 77 1/2-78 1/2
No. 1 pale crepe
Oct. 77 1/2-78 1/2

NEW YORK

Futures today closed 5 to 15 points higher with sales of 58 contracts.

Early strength, caused by the rise in the primary markets over our holiday flattened out when the demand failed to generate any follow-through buying power.

In the spot market, factories and other buyers continued to mark time. Spot No. 1 Rs were quoted nominally 20 1/2 cents a pound. Future closings were:

Dec. 27 1/2-28 1/2
Jan. 28 1/2-29 1/2
Feb. 29 1/2-30 1/2
Mar. 30 1/2-31 1/2
Apr. 31 1/2-32 1/2
May 32 1/2-33 1/2
June 33 1/2-34 1/2
July 34 1/2-35 1/2
Aug. 35 1/2-36 1/2
Sept. 36 1/2-37 1/2
Oct. 37 1/2-38 1/2
Nov. 38 1/2-39 1/2
Dec. 39 1/2-40 1/2

LONDON

The market was quiet after firm with No. 1 Rs spot quoted at 23 1/2 pence per lb. Prices:

No. 1 Rs spot 23 1/2-24 1/2
Settlement house term: 23 1/2-24 1/2
Dec. 23 1/2-24 1/2
Jan./Mar. 23 1/2-24 1/2
Apr./June 23 1/2-24 1/2
July/Sept. 23 1/2-24 1/2
General markets, cif basis, ports:
October 23 1/2-24 1/2
November 23 1/2-24 1/2
December 23 1/2-24 1/2
Total crop this year 23 1/2-24 1/2
Estate crops this year 23 1/2-24 1/2

AMSTERDAM

The market was strong. Prices in guilders per kilogram, CIF, November were as follows:

No. 1 rubber 1.25 buyers
No. 2 rubber 1.24 buyers
No. 3 rubber 1.23 buyers
No. 1 crepe 1.22 buyers
—United Press.

London Foreign Exchange

New York London, Oct. 13.
200/100-200/100
Copenhagen 100/100-100/100
Stockholm 100/100-100/100
Helsinki 100/100-100/100
Oslo 100/100-100/100
Others were unchanged—United Press.

New York Foreign Exchange

London New York, Oct. 13.
100/100-100/100
Copenhagen 100/100-100/100
Stockholm 100/100-100/100
Helsinki 100/100-100/100
Oslo 100/100-100/100
Others were unchanged—United Press.

Exchange Rates

New York Oct. 13.
Prices of metal futures closed today as follows (in cents per lb.):
Gold 100/100-100/100
Silver 100/100-100/100
Copper 100/100-100/100
Zinc 100/100-100/100
Aluminum 100/100-100/100
Others were unchanged—United Press.

LONDON METAL PRICES

London, Oct. 13.
All metal markets were steady. Prices closed today in sterling per long ton as follows:
Tin spot 100/100-100/100
2-month 100/100-100/100
3-month 100/100-100/100
4-month 100/100-100/100
5-month 100/100-100/100
6-month 100/100-100/100
7-month 100/100-100/100
8-month 100/100-100/100
9-month 100/100-100/100
10-month 100/100-100/100
11-month 100/100-100/100
12-month 100/100-100/100
Others were unchanged—United Press.

NEW YORK METAL FUTURES

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Prices of metal futures closed today as follows (in cents per lb.):
Gold 100/100-100/100
Silver 100/100-100/100
Copper 100/100-100/100
Zinc 100/100-100/100
Aluminum 100/100-100/100
Others were unchanged—United Press.

Chicago Grain Market

Chicago, Oct. 13.
Selling was attracted to early price declines on the Board of Trade today, and most grains were boosted to firm or strong levels.
Wheat traders took note of an order of 15,000 tons of flour which the United Nations Children's Relief Organization plans to buy next week. Egypt is expected to be the market for 10,000 tons the following week.
Weather reports indicated clear over the United States and Canadian grain belts this morning, enabling farmers to continue harvesting and marketing of crops halted during the week-end downpours.
Wheat closed unchanged to up 1/2 cent; soybeans up 1 1/2 to 3 1/2 cents.
At Winnipeg, wheat was priced at 10 1/2 cents a bushel for No. 3, and for No. 4, it was at 10 1/2 cents.
—United Press.

Butter Oil For Pakistan

Washington, Oct. 13.
The Department of Agriculture announced yesterday that offers have been requested to convert approximately 2,500,000 pounds of Government-owned butter into butter oil for export to Pakistan.
Officials said delivery should be as soon as possible and completed by December 31. This programme is similar to one under which butter oil has been supplied to the United Nations Relief Works Agency—United Press.

HONGKONG STOCK EXCHANGE

(From Our Correspondent)

Business done on the Hongkong Stock Exchange this morning amounted to \$540,780.10. Noon quotations and the morning's transactions:

SHARES	BUYERS	SELLERS	SALES
BANK	1700	1000	10 1/2 1700
East Asia	100	100	10 1/2 100
HSBC	100	100	10 1/2 100
Union	100	100	10 1/2 100
London	100	100	10 1/2 100
Overseas	100	100	10 1/2 100
Waterbury	100	100	10 1/2 100
DOCKERS, ETC.			
K. Wharf	100	100	10 1/2 100
Dock	100	100	10 1/2 100
Providence	100	100	10 1/2 100
(Old)	100	100	10 1/2 100
Wharfedale	100	100	10 1/2 100
LAND, ETC.			
HK Hotel	100	100	10 1/2 100
HK Land	100	100	10 1/2 100
Hamphrey	100	100	10 1/2 100
Realty	100	100	10 1/2 100
Utilities	100	100	10 1/2 100
Tram	100	100	10 1/2 100
Star Ferry	100	100	10 1/2 100
Y. Mail Ferry	100	100	10 1/2 100
C. Light (O)	100	100	10 1/2 100
C. Light (N)	100	100	10 1/2 100
Electric	100	100	10 1/2 100
Telephone	100	100	10 1/2 100
INDUSTRIALS			
Cement	100	100	10 1/2 100
Steel	100	100	10 1/2 100
STOCKS, ETC.			
Dairy	100	100	10 1/2 100
Watson	100	100	10 1/2 100
(N)	100	100	10 1/2 100
L. Crawford	100	100	10 1/2 100
COTTONS			
MISCELLANEOUS			
Allied	100	100	10 1/2 100

Chicago Grain Market

Chicago, Oct. 13.

Selling was attracted to early price declines on the Board of Trade today, and most grains were boosted to firm or strong levels.

Wheat traders took note of an order of 15,000 tons of flour which the United Nations Children's Relief Organization plans to buy next week. Egypt is expected to be the market for 10,000 tons the following week.

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Wheat closed unchanged to up 1/2 cent; soybeans up 1 1/2 to 3 1/2 cents.
At Winnipeg, wheat was priced at 10 1/2 cents a bushel for No. 3, and for No. 4, it was at 10 1/2 cents.
—United Press.

LONDON METAL PRICES

London, Oct. 13.
All metal markets were steady. Prices closed today in sterling per long ton as follows:

Tin spot 100/100-100/100
2-month 100/100-100/100
3-month 100/100-100/100
4-month 100/100-100/100
5-month 100/100-100/100
6-month 100/100-100/100
7-month 100/100-100/100
8-month 100/100-100/100
9-month 100/100-100/100
10-month 100/100-100/100
11-month 100/100-100/100
12-month 100/100-100/100
Others were unchanged—United Press.

NEW YORK METAL FUTURES

New York Oct. 13.
Prices of metal futures closed today as follows (in cents per lb.):
Gold 100/100-100/100
Silver 100/100-100/100
Copper 100/100-100/100
Zinc 100/100-100/100
Aluminum 100/100-100/100
Others were unchanged—United Press.

Chicago Grain Prices

Chicago, Oct. 13.
Prices per bushel in cents:
Closing Prices
Wheat, No. 2, red 21 1/2-22 1/2
Dec. 21 1/2-22 1/2
Mar. 21 1/2-22 1/2
May 21 1/2-22 1/2
July 21 1/2-22 1/2
Sept. 21 1/2-22 1/2
Total 21 1/2-22 1/2
Others were unchanged—United Press.

NEW ORLEANS

Prices of futures closed today as follows:
Spot 21 1/2-22 1/2
Oct. 21 1/2-22 1/2
Dec. 21 1/2-22 1/2
Mar. 21 1/2-22 1/2
May 21 1/2-22 1/2
July 21 1/2-22 1/2
Sept. 21 1/2-22 1/2
Total 21 1/2-22 1/2
Others were unchanged—United Press.

LIVERPOOL

Closing prices, American middling, 10/16 inch, in pence per lb., were as follows:
Oct./Nov. 22 1/2-23 1/2
Dec./Jan. 22 1/2-23 1/2
Mar./Apr. 22 1/2-23 1/2
May/June 22 1/2-23 1/2
July/Aug. 22 1/2-23 1/2
Sept./Oct. 22 1/2-23 1/2
Total 22 1/2-23 1/2
Others were unchanged—United Press.

SAO PAULO

Futures, October, were 22 1/2-23 1/2 pence per lb. Others were unchanged—United Press.

Giant Power Scheme Planned In Wales

London, Oct. 13.

The British Electricity Authority is to seek Parliamentary approval for a giant hydro-electric power scheme in North Wales—the first of any considerable size in Britain.

The proposals, for the development of the Festiniog pumped storage and Rhedol hydro-electric schemes, if authorised by Parliament, would together be capable of providing some 340,000 kilowatts of additional electricity.

Announcing the scheme the Electricity Authority said the works would be near the village of Blaenau Ffestiniog and close to the mining district.

There would be no interference with the natural beauty of the area.

The scheme would use the existing Llyn Swlwan as an upper reservoir, the storage capacity of which would be increased by a concrete dam 80ft. high and about 800ft. long.

The lower reservoir would be formed by another concrete dam 35ft. high and about 1,800ft. long immediately upstream of the village of Tan-y-Grisiau.

The Rhedol hydro-electric scheme is situated about ten miles due east of Aberystwyth, Cardiganshire.

Part of the annual 35,000,000 units from this scheme would be fed into the national grid.

The remainder would be used to supply local loads, increasing with demand.

World Cotton Markets

New York, Oct. 13.

Cotton prices today sawed narrowly in a less active market.

At the close the list ruled unchanged to up 4 points. The market opened up 1 to 9 points. New Orleans closed up 5 to 4 points.

Final evening-up operations in the October delivery, occupied attention in the forenoon. Later, traders marked time awaiting fresh crop news, along with the market.

Reports and the report on producer entries under the loan programme.

The October contract entries went off the Board in mid-noon hour, closing at 34.83 cents a pound after seeing as low as 34.60 cents. Final delivery notices covered 2,500 bales.

In the afternoon, prices backed and filed narrowly with scale-up hedge, selling acting to curb the rallies, while trade buying and covering cushioned the declines below the previous close.

The export picture featured news that Formosa has been granted a \$3,900,000 credit to buy United States raw cotton under the economic aid agreement. It is understood that the first shipment will be made on Dec. 31, and the final delivery to be made by March 31, 1955.

Trading volumes and open interests in the Exchange were:

Month Volume Open Interest
October 4,200 64,900
November 3,800 64,900
December 3,800 64,900
January 3,800 64,900
February 3,800 64,900
March 3,800 64,900
April 3,800 64,900
May 3,800 64,900
June 3,800 64,900
July 3,800 64,900
August 3,800 64,900
September 3,800 64,900
October 3,800 64,900
November 3,800 64,900
December 3,800 64,900
January 3,800 64,900
February 3,800 64,900
March 3,800 64,900
April 3,800 64,900
May 3,800 64,900
June 3,800 64,900
July 3,800 64,900
August 3,800 64,900
September 3,800 64,900
October 3,800 64,900
November 3,800 64,900
December 3,800 64,900
January 3,800 64

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HY
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Page 10 THURSDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1954.

SUDDEN END TO APPEAL CASE AGAINST J.J. KING

Withdrawn For Humanitarian Reasons

An appeal on criminal proceedings against Mr James J. King ended abruptly before Mr Justice Reynolds in the Supreme Court this morning.

Mr M. W. H. Seymour who had filed an appeal against the Magistrate's decision holding that Mr King had no case to answer on a charge of fraudulent conversion of some \$6,000, applied through Counsel for leave to withdraw the appeal on the ground of Mr King's ill health.

Mr A. J. Clifford (instructed) by Mr F. D. Hammond, who appeared for Mr Seymour, a Director of George Falconer and Co. (HK) Ltd., disclosed this morning that Mr King was ill and announced that his client "from purely humanitarian motives" sought permission to withdraw the appeal against the decision of the Magistrate, Mr Poon Yan-hoi, because Mr King's health would be seriously affected if the case continued.

Mr Clifford asked leave to withdraw the appeal before the Full Court comprising the Acting Chief Justice (Mr Justice T. J. Gould) and the Puisne Judges (Mr Justice C. W. Reece and Mr Justice G. R. Greig).

The Full Court had before it preliminary objections by the respondent to the hearing of the appeal.

The Chief Justice said that he did not think the Full Court had jurisdiction to dismiss the appeal or do anything about its abandonment. It was necessary to refer the matter back to Mr Justice Reynolds and then it would be for Counsel to apply for the withdrawal of the appeal.

Appearing for Mr King were Mr Brook A. Bernatchi and Mr Patrick Yu on the instructions of Mr M. A. da Silva.

Mr J. W. D. Hobbie, Crown Counsel, appeared for the Magistrate.

EXTREMELY GRATEFUL
Asking leave to withdraw the appeal, Mr Clifford told Mr Justice Reynolds, "This request is due to the possible danger to the health of the respondent if we continued. I had my instructing solicitor are extremely

grateful to the appellant for these instructions because we, too, feel that it is the proper and right course in the circumstances of this case."

Mr Clifford said the first intimation he and his client had from the other side of Mr King's ill health was on Tuesday when Mr Bernatchi mentioned it to the Court. Since then they had made investigations and found it was so. Hence he was asking to withdraw because they did not wish to endanger Mr King's health.

Counsel stressed that this application was purely from humanitarian motives and was not due in any respect to lack of confidence in the appellant's case. Before knowledge of the particular form Mr King's illness had taken he had had instructions to fight all the points put up by Mr Bernatchi vigorously. "This is a particularly praiseworthy, generous and proper gesture on the part of the appellant," added Mr Clifford.

Mr Justice Reynolds granted him leave and dismissed the appeal with costs.

APPECIATED REASON
The Judge said that while he appreciated the reason for the withdrawal he could not consider it in regard to costs.

Argument on the question of costs in respect of the application to amend Mr Poon's Case Stated will be heard on another day.

Mr Clifford told the Full Court that normally two clear days were necessary for the withdrawal of an appeal but the circumstances of the case were such that this course was not open to him because there was insufficient time as the Court would appreciate when he came to outline the facts which had led to the withdrawal.

The Chief Justice informed Counsel that it was to be remembered that the Court was sitting to hear certain preliminary points which were raised by Mr Justice Reynolds who actually had the conduct of the appeal. His Lordship said that he did not think the Full Court had any jurisdiction to dismiss the appeal or do anything about its abandonment.

He said he thought it was necessary in view of what Counsel had said for the Court to refer the matter back to Mr Justice Reynolds, saying that in view of the information Counsel had given the Court it was not necessary for the Court to determine the points raised, and it would then be for Counsel to appear before Mr Justice Reynolds and there withdraw the appeal.

ATTITUDE APPRECIATED
Mr Clifford said he was grateful to the Court for its help in the matter. He did not do it in front of Mr Justice Reynolds because at that time the full facts were not known to them. The first time it was open to him to say anything at all was in front of the Court this morning.

He said that if the Court would remit the matter back to Mr Justice Reynolds he would formally apply for the withdrawal of the appeal before him.

Mr Justice Gould said that he understood Mr Justice Reynolds was free this morning and that he was willing to sit if Counsel in agreement would go before him straight away.

Mr Clifford indicated that he preferred that if the Court would arrange it.

Mr Bernatchi said that he would like to make very clear before his learned friend finally committed himself in the matter and remitted it back to the Appellate Judge that he entirely appreciated the attitude of his friend and his instructing solicitor in the matter but he (Mr Bernatchi) could not but feel that this change on the part of the appellant would have been more seemly some months ago, indeed some years ago.

that this at this stage really affected the matter very greatly. His client's legal advisers unanimously felt that they had a very strong case, that the appeal was completely dead and was dead from the day when it was first listed in the Court's lists.

Mr Justice Reece said that Counsel was now asking for costs. He asked if there was any point in telling the Court what his (Mr Bernatchi's) views were in view of what Mr Clifford had said.

Mr Bernatchi said that he would not proceed if his Lordship took that view.

On the question of costs, Mr Clifford said he had learned of the decision of the Court with his client with the state of health of Mr King at an earlier date than they could have taken steps earlier.

COSTS
Following further arguments, the Chief Justice in giving the Court's decision said that the order the Court would make was that the questions referred to this Court need not now be answered and they were being remitted to Mr Justice Reynolds with the intimation following on the application from Counsel for the appeal that the appeal would be abandoned.

As to costs his Lordship said that he thought he should say that if abandonment of the appeal arose from the motives that had been advanced by Mr Clifford it was an attitude which was greatly appreciated by the Court, nevertheless as the respondent's legal representatives had not accepted that and had asked for costs he felt that there was no option but to grant them.

At least the appellant had been challenged to continue with the application on the merits, and in other words Mr Bernatchi did not desire or request the Court to discontinue these proceedings on the ground advanced by Mr Clifford.

Therefore the order would be that the costs of incidental and thrown away by the proceedings before the Full Court, including the carriage of recording would be paid by the appellant, taxed on the Original Jurisdiction scale.

Partial Stay Of Execution Sought
An application for a partial stay of execution of a Full Court judgment dismissing an appeal in an action involving a school building was heard before the Full Court, comprising Mr Justice J. T. Gould and Mr Justice J. Reynolds, this morning.

The appellants, Chu Yam-on, schoolmaster, and Cheung Lam-chau, headmaster, both of the Shih Nam School, of 1 Oaklands Path, unsuccessfully applied in both the original action and the appeal, had earlier been granted provisional leave to appeal to the Privy Council.

Mr John McNeill, QC, and Mr S. V. Gillies, instructed by Mr F. H. Losby, of Ross and Co., appeared for the appellants, who were the defendants in the original action.

Mr Brook A. Bernatchi, instructed by Messrs Lo and Lo, represented the respondent, Li Tam Tol-hing, of 8 Kennedy Road, who is the wife of Mr Li Koon-chun, a prominent local merchant. She was the plaintiff in the original action which involved the alleged sale of the school premises during the Japanese occupation of Hong Kong.

The Chief Justice, Sir Gerard Howe, awarded judgment to plaintiffs, giving her possession of the premises and mesne profits.

Two schoolmasters appeared against Sir Gerard's decision but the Full Court dismissed the appeal.

SIDE GLANCES By Galbraith



"I'm beginning to see what you meant when you said he ought to make a special pal of his dog!"

German Rearmament FRENCH PREMIER SEEKS MORE CONCESSIONS

Paris, Oct. 13. Premier Pierre Mendes-France will use his solid Parliamentary backing to seek maximum concessions for France under the London accords on German rearmament, it was learned authoritatively today.

Informed sources said M. Mendes-France wanted the broadest possible interpretation placed on the preliminary agreement reached so far. They said he would try to obtain the maximum towards "completing" the accords in fulfillment of French aims.

His chance will come next week when the nine-power talks resume here on Wednesday. Against certain Allied reluctance he will point out that the confidence vote was not on German rearmament itself but simply gave him a mandate to continue negotiations on the policy he exposed, the sources said.

They pointed out that twice in the debate M. Mendes-France underlined the necessity of re-studying and developing the idea of a European armaments production pool which was shunned in London.

He may also seek to have other demands satisfied, so as to get the full "national backbone" he seeks for final ratification of the plan to bring West Germany into NATO and the expanded Brussels Western European Union—United Press.

SWIFT PROGRESS
Bonn, Oct. 13. West German and Allied experts made swift progress today towards completing a treaty giving the Bonn Republic independence and informed sources said it probably would be finished by Friday.

Large sections of the agreement are ready, the sources said. The committee of experts, representing the West German government and the three

Big Loss For B.E.A.

London, Oct. 13. British European Airways Corporation, one of the two British state-owned air lines, made a net loss of \$1,773, 797 sterling for the year ended March 31, 1954.

This was \$314,000 more than the loss incurred last year, according to the B.E.A. annual report published today.

But Lord "Douglas" of Kirtleside, Chairman of B.E.A., told a press conference that the corporation had done very much better since March.

At the end of September, he said, the corporation had a profit of about \$1,000,000 sterling. This would be swallowed up by losses during the winter, but he hoped the first deficit could be reduced to about \$1,000,000 in the next annual report.

Following submission by the respective Counsel regarding security to be paid by appellants, the Court dismissed the appeal.

U.S. AIR FORCE ORDERS 1,000 M.P.H. JETS

Washington, Oct. 13.

The U.S. Air Force has ordered production of the world's first faster-than-sound bomber and a 1,000-mph jet fighter, it was announced tonight.

The Air Force Secretary, Mr Harold Talbott, who disclosed production plans for the spectacular new planes, also said the Air Force had ordered a speed-up in output of its 600-mph B-52 jet bomber.

Mr Talbott said the new jet contracts brought total Air Force orders for planes and related items to more than \$1,200,000,000 since last July 1.

His announcement came after the Navy Secretary, Charles Thomas, said at Philadelphia that Russia now had super-sonic planes carrying atomic weapons.

Mr Thomas did not use the word bomber, however, and most military experts doubted that the Soviet had a super-sonic intercontinental bomber.

Mr Thomas' statement touched off a furor in Air Force and aviation circles, but the Navy Department stood fast behind its chief. It said Russia had claimed to have super-sonic planes and it must be true. The Air Force never has gone so far as to say Russia has super-sonic planes.

FLY NEXT YEAR
The new U.S. super-sonic bomber, which probably will fly next year, will be built by the Convair Division of General Dynamics Corp. at Fort Worth, Texas.

The F-104, lightweight day fighter will be made at the Burbank, California, plant of Lockheed Aircraft Corp. Mr Talbott gave no performance or other details on the two new super-sonic planes.

The radically new F-104, stripped of some of the weighty gear of other modern fighters, is reported to be the world's fastest warplane—it has been undergoing tests at an air force base in California since last February.

Mr Talbott said the new jet contracts brought total Air Force orders for planes and related items to more than \$1,200,000,000 since last July 1.

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Big 3 Approve Canada's Arms Control Plan
New York, Oct. 13. Britain, France and the United States all gave their approval today to a Canadian resolution laid before the Political Committee of the United Nations General Assembly, calling for a resumption of big power disarmament talks in private, similar to those held in London last summer.

The Big Three Western powers agreed at the suggestion of Canada to co-sponsor the resolution.

The Canadian delegate, Mr Paul Martin, also invited the Soviet Union to become a co-sponsor.

Mr Andrei Vyshinsky, the Soviet delegate, told the Committee that he had received Mr Martin's letter, together with a copy of his resolution last night. He had not had time to examine it with "all the care which this important question deserves" and needed more time.

It was at the London talks that the Anglo-French disarmament plan was put forward and at first rejected by the Soviet Union. But it was accepted as a basis for further talks by Mr Vyshinsky when he spoke in the General Assembly here on September 30.

JOHN CLARKE'S CASEBOOK

The Wrong Dream

HE came to London from Blackpool, a boy who dreamed of doing great things with his life, who understood that some plodding lay ahead, that the competition would be fierce and even ruthless, that he would have to begin in a fairly humble way, the long haul to the heights.

In London, he found a job as an office-boy, and did his work well and kept his sights lined on the job next-but-one above him. He was, by now, a ledger and wages clerk; and he was doing fine. But as well as keeping his sights trained on still better things, Hugh began to acquire a taste for living at the rate-for-the-job of those who were his seniors.

His weekly expenses soared above his weekly wage. His need for money became urgent, and he began to steal from his firm. He stole only small sums at first. With them in his pockets he went to greyhound racing, meaning to double and treble what he had stolen, retain the money, live in comfort on the balance of his winnings.

HUGH'S SYSTEM
HUGH's gambling system proved to be disastrous. The money he had stolen vanished in a night. He stole more, and lost more. By making false entries in the office-books he kept, he managed for some months to keep his thefts secret. But one day he was found out. By then he had taken over \$400.

Hugh was brought to the Clerkenwell court, and charged with stealing three sums of £10. The rest he wanted taken into consideration.

"He has made a statement," said the police officer in charge of the case, Mr. H. H. Fowell, the magistrate.

"Being short of money, I decided to make some for myself by the following system. . . . Hugh's statement began: 'I ended: "I've lost the lot, but I would like to make restitution."

DEEPER, DEEPER
HUGH, a good-looking 27-year-old, with an open face, kind of a smile, as he heard the statement, "He is married, and has one previous conviction—for stealing food, as a servant," said the officer.

The magistrate asked Hugh what he had to say. Hugh straightened his back, shot his cuffs and began: "For myself, I am very sorry, this state of affairs has arisen. Originally, the trouble was that I was in debt. I took to gambling, and well. . . . I got deeper and deeper into debt."

His self-assurance almost made that sound a creditable achievement.

A WARNING
"I WOULD like to make a restitution," Hugh went on, "my wife is willing to work full time, and also, we can live part of the house. I'm studying for a certificate, and I do get the chance. I'll take it with both hands. I'll throw out my hands to prove this point, but . . ."

Unique Punishment For Six Undergrad Offenders
Princeton. Six Rutgers University undergraduates are under court orders to compose 2,000-word essays on the "premeditated and deliberate destruction of public property."

These essays are to be turned in to the university's law school, which will assign them to law students.

The essays were part of the punishment imposed by Judge John J. Connelley on six Rutgers students who had been charged with vandalizing the university's law school building.

The students were charged with vandalizing the university's law school building, which is a part of the university's law school.

Commonwealth Agreement On G.A.T.T.

London, Oct. 13.

British Commonwealth and Colonial countries last night reached "a large measure of agreement" towards presenting a United Front at next month's review at Geneva of the General Agreement on Trade and Tariffs, it was reliably learned tonight.

Over 50 top-ranking trade officials from all the Commonwealth and British Colonial countries have been meeting for a week in London in close secret discussions aimed at closing their wide divergence of views of how the much-criticized general agreement should be revised.

An announcement issued tonight by the Board of Trade at the end of the meeting gave little information, except to say the questions discussed included "tariffs and preferences, import restrictions, export and other subsidies, bilateral trade agreements, the special problem of underdeveloped countries including Colonial territories and Japan's admission to GATT."

MAIN QUESTIONS
The announcement said: "Officials of Commonwealth governments with advisers from the Colonial territories, have had a series of meetings in London since October 4 in order to examine together, in confidential discussion, the main questions which are expected to arise at the conference in Geneva next month, when the GATT will be reviewed."

It added that "the purpose of the meeting was to clarify the issues and to exchange views on the problems involved. Delegates will now report to their governments so that they may take account of the views expressed at these meetings when formulating the policies they intend to follow at the review."

It was learned that British representatives will be to the conference that if a broad set of international trade rules was incorporated into the general agreement, many of the bilateral trade agreements which the Commonwealth countries had entered into would be rendered obsolete.

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